

(1)

$\angle A_n OB_n = \alpha_n$, $\angle B_n OC_n = \beta_n$, $\angle C_n OA_n = 2\pi - \alpha_n - \beta_n$ とする。ただし、 $\alpha_n + \beta_n < 2\pi$ である。

$$\angle A_{n+1} OB_{n+1} = \alpha_{n+1} = \frac{\alpha_n + \beta_n}{2} \quad \text{---①}$$

$$\angle B_{n+1} OC_{n+1} = \beta_{n+1} = \frac{\beta_n + (2\pi - \alpha_n - \beta_n)}{2} = \pi - \frac{\alpha_n}{2} \quad \text{---②}$$

②より、 $\beta_n = \pi - \frac{\alpha_{n-1}}{2}$ であるから、①に代入すると

$$\alpha_{n+1} = \frac{\alpha_n}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\alpha_{n-1}}{4} \quad \therefore 4\alpha_{n+1} - 2\alpha_n + \alpha_{n-1} = 2\pi \quad (\text{証明終})$$

(2)

$$4\alpha_{n+1} - 2\alpha_n + \alpha_{n-1} = 2\pi \quad \text{---①} \quad 4\alpha_{n+2} - 2\alpha_{n+1} + \alpha_n = 2\pi \quad \text{---②}$$

②×2+①より

$$(8\alpha_{n+2} - 4\alpha_{n+1} + 2\alpha_n) + (4\alpha_{n+1} - 2\alpha_n + \alpha_{n-1}) = 4\pi + 2\pi$$

$$8\alpha_{n+2} + \alpha_{n-1} = 6\pi \quad \therefore \alpha_{n+2} = \frac{3}{4}\pi - \frac{1}{8}\alpha_{n-1} \quad (\text{証明終})$$

(3)

$$(2) \text{ より } \alpha_{3n} = \frac{3}{4}\pi - \frac{1}{8}\alpha_{3(n-1)} \quad \alpha_{3n} - \frac{2}{3}\pi = -\frac{1}{8}\left(\alpha_{3(n-1)} - \frac{2}{3}\pi\right) \quad \alpha_{3n} - \frac{2}{3}\pi = \left(-\frac{1}{8}\right)^n \left(\alpha_0 - \frac{2}{3}\pi\right)$$

$$\text{したがって } \therefore \alpha_{3n} = \frac{2}{3}\pi + \left(-\frac{1}{8}\right)^n \left(\alpha_0 - \frac{2}{3}\pi\right) \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$