

2002 年東大理後期 [1]

(1)

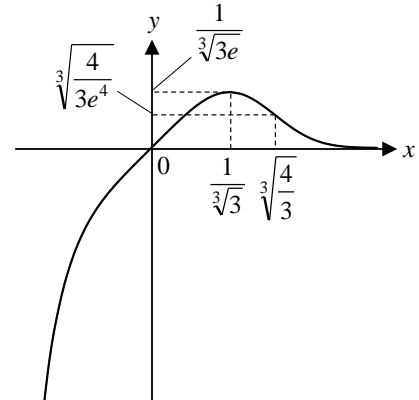
$$f(x) = xe^{-x^3} \quad f'(x) = e^{-x^3} + x \cdot (-3x^2 e^{-x^3}) = (1 - 3x^3)e^{-x^3}$$

$$f''(x) = -9x^2 e^{-x^3} + (1 - 3x^3) \cdot (-3x^2 e^{-x^3}) = -3x^2 \{3 + (1 - 3x^3)\} e^{-x^3} = -3x^2 (4 - 3x^3) e^{-x^3}$$

増減、凹凸は下の通り。

$$f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}} e^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3e}} \quad f\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{3}}\right) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{3}} e^{-\frac{4}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{3e^4}}$$

$x$	...	0	...	$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}$	...	$\sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{3}}$	...
$f'(x)$	+	+	+	0	-	-	-
$f''(x)$	-	0	-	-	-	0	+
$f(x)$	↗		↗		↘		↘



グラフの概形は右の通り。

(2)

$$V_1(C) = \pi \int_0^C x^2 e^{-2x^3} dx \quad t = x^3 \text{ とおくと } dt = 3x^2 dx$$

$$V_1(C) = \frac{\pi}{3} \int_0^{C^3} e^{-2t} dt = \frac{\pi}{3} \left[ -\frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \right]_0^{C^3} = \frac{\pi}{6} (1 - e^{-2C^3}) \quad \therefore \lim_{C \rightarrow \infty} V_1(C) = \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

(3)

$$V_2 = \pi \int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3e}}} x^2 dy = \pi \int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}} x^2 (1 - 3x^3) e^{-x^3} dx \quad t = x^3 \text{ とおくと } dt = 3x^2 dx$$

$$\therefore V_2 = \frac{\pi}{3} \int_0^{\frac{1}{3}} (1 - 3t) e^{-t} dt = \frac{\pi}{3} \left\{ \left[ -(1 - 3t) e^{-t} \right]_0^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3 \int_0^{\frac{1}{3}} e^{-t} dt \right\} = \frac{\pi}{3} \left\{ 1 - 3 \left[ -e^{-t} \right]_0^{\frac{1}{3}} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{3} \left\{ 1 - 3 \left( -\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{e}} + 1 \right) \right\} = \pi \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{e}} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$